



Nottingham Trent
University

An introduction to effective project management

HELOA Professional Development Conference

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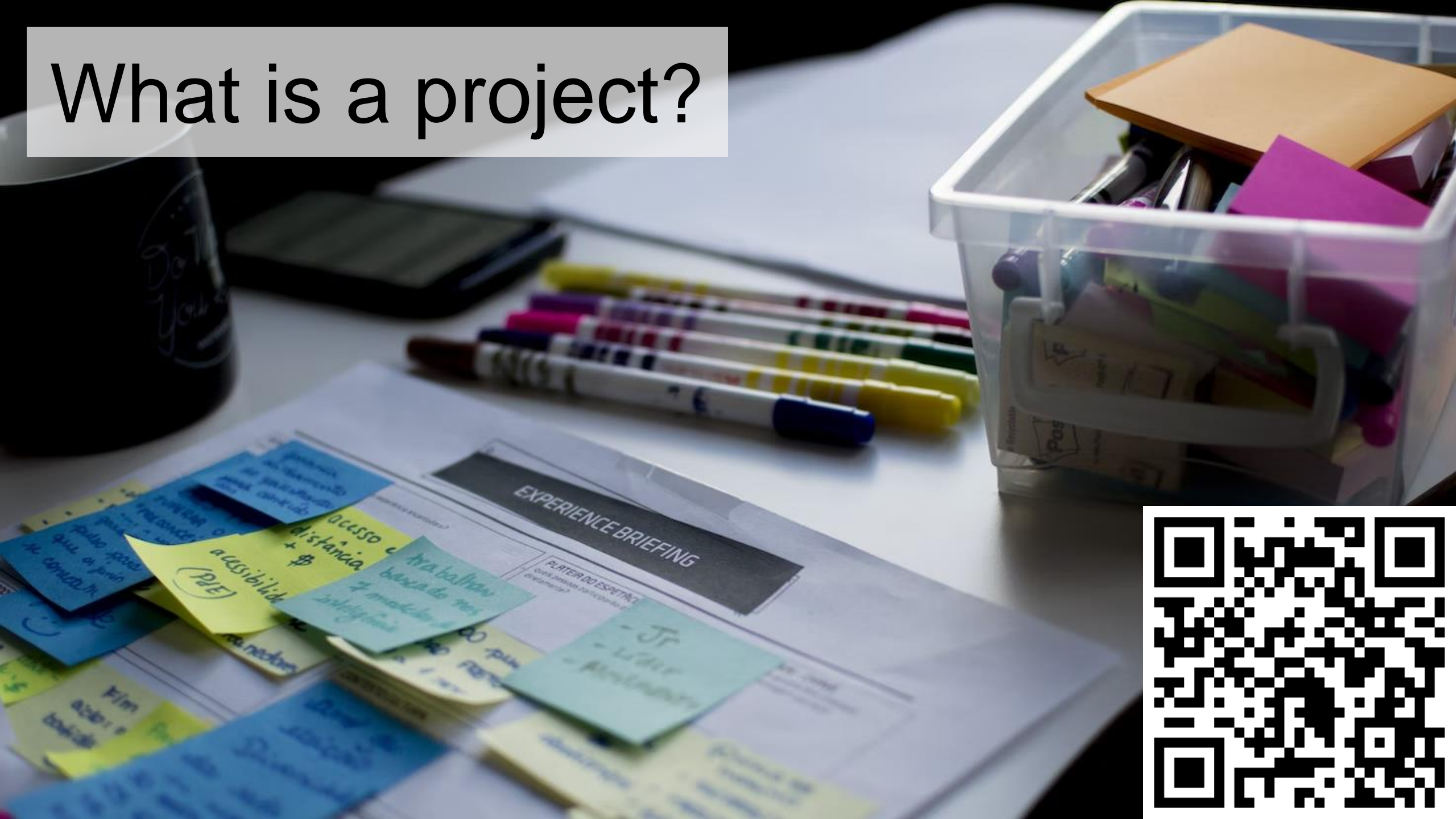
What experience do you already have?

Please go to menti.com or use the QR code.

The code is



What is a project?



Programmes, Projects, business as usual?

Programmes

- A collection of projects
- Strategically important
- Programme manager will have oversight of all projects
- Long term
- Wider group of stakeholders
- Programme manager manages the dependencies between projects

Projects

- Unique and timebound
- Shorter time frames
- Focus on delivering outputs
- Strategically important
- Restricted group of stakeholders
- Project manager manages to dependencies within the project

Business as usual

- Repetitive, ongoing
- The bread and butter of what you do

Example:

Post 16
Outreach

Year 12

Year 13

Transition

Business as usual

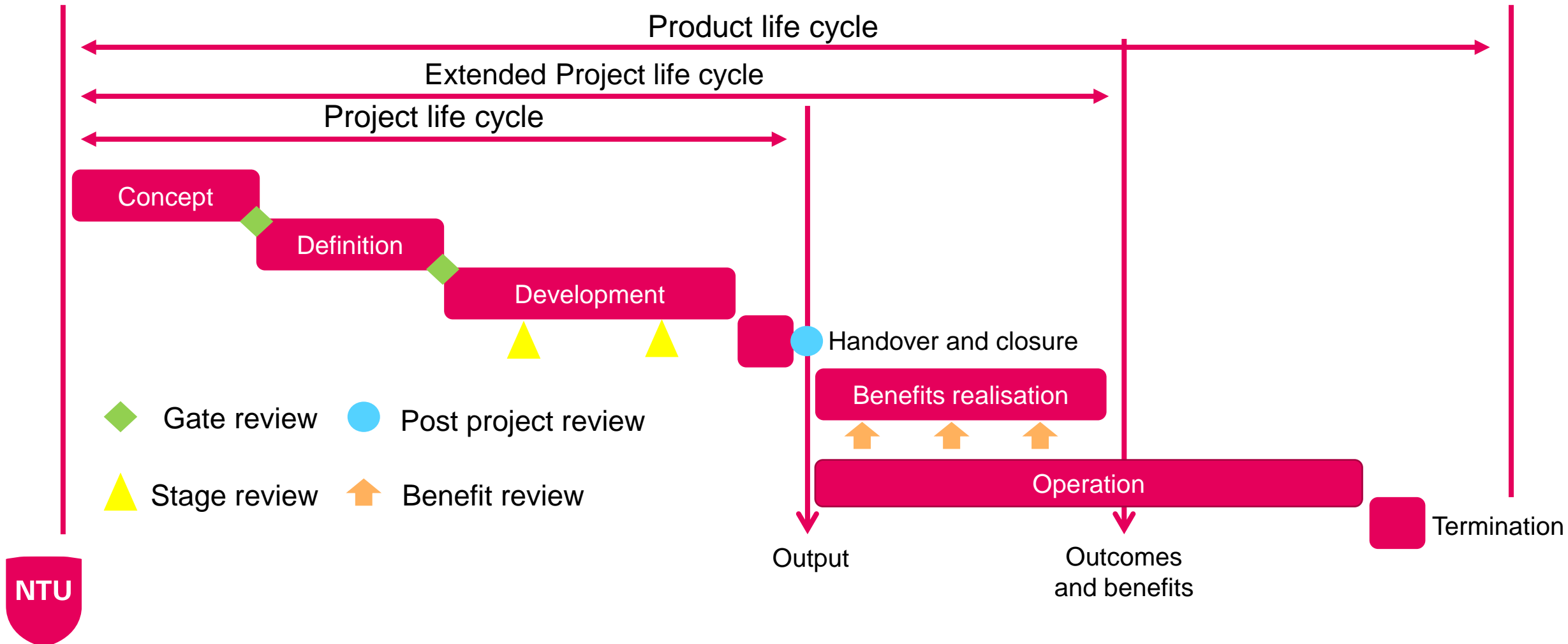
Activity

- Thinking of your own work, categorise what is a programme, what is a project and what is business as usual.
- Once you have done that, think about how your project has interdependencies between programmes or other projects.
- If you manage programme of work, think about how the programme/s you manage fit within a wider portfolio.

Pre Project: getting the groundwork right

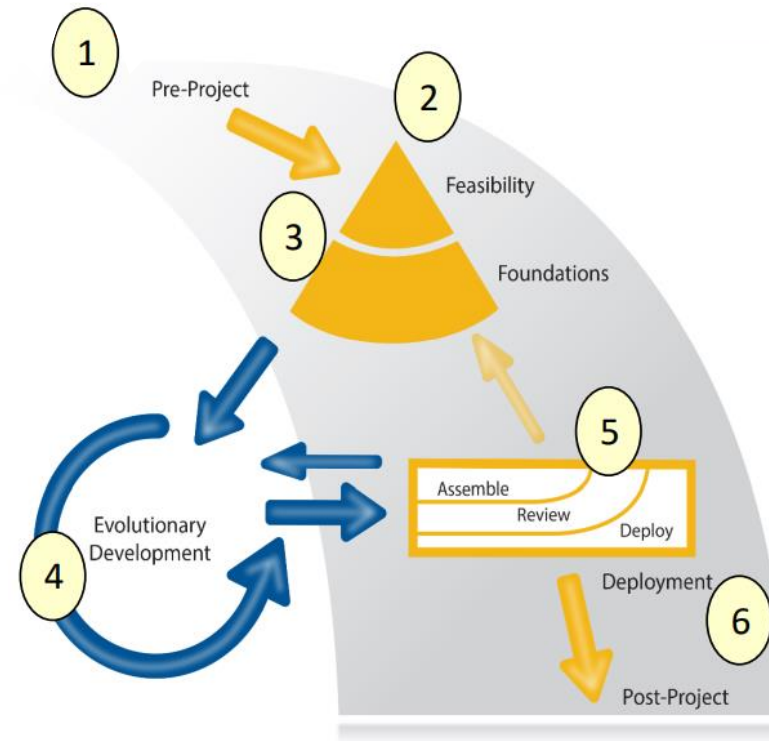
- Scoping
 - PESTLE (Political, Economic, Social, Technical, Legal, Environmental)
 - MoSCoW (Must, Should, Could and Will nots)
- Setting clear and defined objectives
 - Use Blooms Taxonomy measurable verbs to make it easier
(<https://www.utica.edu/academic/Assessment/new/Blooms%20Taxonomy%20-%20Best.pdf>)
- Selecting who will be on the project team
 - Governance
 - Personalities
- Evaluation
- Make sure that the language you use across the project is clear and understood by all involved

Linear Project life cycle



Iterative Project life cycle

1. Pre-project phase
2. Feasibility phase
3. Foundations phase
4. Evolutionary development phase
5. Deployment phase
6. Post-project phase



Project Documents

- There are lots of documents that you can create to help plan and progress your projects...
 - Project Initiation Documents
 - Communications plan
 - Stakeholder engagement plans
 - Evaluation plan
 - Risk Register (not to be confused with a risk assessment)
- All of the above and all come under the umbrella of a project plan
- Do not underestimate the importance of these documents

Post Project

- Put as much work into finishing and reviewing your projects as you would in starting them
 - Stop / Start / Continue
- Set your planning deadlines for the next project cycle...
- ... and stick to them!

Project Management: Top Tips

- Start and finish strong
- Don't have single points of failure
- Ensure you know how your project fits in with the bigger picture
- Use a common language between those that work on the project
- Set Clear, well defined objectives – 3-4 maximum!
- People – look after them!



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Thank you

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